31

1 Claims

2

3 1. Apparatus for controlling the flow of fluid

- 4 into a borehole through a conduit, the apparatus
- 5 comprising a decelerating means adapted to be
- 6 positioned within the conduit for slowing down the
- 7 flow of fluid through the conduit.

8

- 9 2. Apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein the
- 10 decelerating means comprises a passage in the
- 11 apparatus.

12

- 13 3. Apparatus as claimed in claim 2, wherein the
- 14 passage is defined by at least one body member
- 15 having formations thereon.

16

- 17 4. Apparatus as claimed in claim 3, including a
- 18 shoe adapted for engagement with the at least one
- 19 body member.

20

- 21 5. Apparatus as claimed in claim 4, including an
- 22 anti-rotation means to prevent relative rotation of
- 23 the at least one body member and the shoe.

24

- 25 6. Apparatus as claimed in claim 5, wherein the
- 26 anti-rotation means includes a device shaped to
 - 27 engage a bore provided in the shoe.

28

- 29 7. Apparatus as claimed in claim 5 or claim 6,
- 30 wherein the anti-rotation means comprises a tapered
- 31 edge provided on one of the device and the shoe and

32

1 a correspondingly shaped groove provided on the

2 other of the device and the shoe.

3

4 8. Apparatus as claimed in claim 6 or claim 7 when

5 dependent on claim 6, including an axial locking

6 means to prevent axial separation of the device and

7 the shoe.

8

9 9. Apparatus as claimed in claim 8, wherein the

10 axial locking means comprises a latch provided on

11 one of the device and the shoe, and a groove

12 provided on the other of the device and the shoe.

13

14 10. Apparatus as claimed in claim 8 or claim 9 when

15 dependent on claim 5, wherein the anti-rotation

16 means prevents relative rotation of the at least one

17 body member and the shoe once the axial locking

18 means has engaged.

19

20 11. Apparatus as claimed in any of claims 3 to 10,

21 wherein the apparatus includes a shroud which is

22 disposed around the at least one body member.

23

24 12. Apparatus as claimed in claim 11, wherein the

25 shroud is provided with apertures in the side wall

26 thereof.

27

28 13. Apparatus as claimed in any of claims 2 to 12,

29 used in conjunction with equipment having at least

30 one valve, wherein the cross-sectional area of the

31 passage is greater than the cross-sectional area of

32 the at least one valve.

33

1 14. Apparatus as claimed in any of claims 2 to 13,

2 wherein the passage has constant dimensions.

3

4 15. Apparatus as claimed in any of claims 2 to 14,

5 wherein the boundaries of the passage are smooth and

6 free of obstructions.

7

8 16. Apparatus as claimed in any of claims 2 to 15,

9 wherein the passage is inclined relative to the axis

10. of the conduit and wherein deceleration of the fluid

11 is caused by friction between the fluid and the

12 inclined passage.

13

14 17. Apparatus as claimed in any of claims 2 to 16,

15 wherein the passage is inclined relative to a plane

16 perpendicular to the axis of the conduit.

17

18 18. Apparatus as claimed in claim 16 or claim 17,

19 wherein the inclination of the passage is continual

20 throughout the length of the passage.

21

22 19. Apparatus as claimed in any of claims 2 to 18,

23 wherein the passage is uni-directional in the axial

24 direction.

25

26 20. Apparatus as claimed in any of claims 2 to 19,

27 wherein the passage includes at least one spiral

28 portion.

29

30 21. Apparatus as claimed in claim 20, wherein the

31 angle of the spiral portion of the passage is more

32 than 60 degrees relative to the axis of the conduit.

34

2 22. Apparatus as claimed in claim 20 or claim 21,

3 wherein the angle of the spiral portion of the

4 passage is between 70 degrees and 80 degrees

5 relative to the axis of the conduit.

6

1

7 23. Apparatus as claimed in any of claims 2 to 22,

8 wherein the passage includes at least one portion

9 which spirals in a first spiral direction and at

10 least one further portion which spirals in a second

11 opposite spiral direction.

12

13 24. Apparatus as claimed in claim 23, wherein a

14 cavity is provided between the at least two

15 oppositely directed spiral passage portions,

16 providing a space in which the fluid changes

17 direction between a first spiral direction and a

18 second spiral direction.

19

20 25. Apparatus as claimed in any preceding claim,

21 wherein the decelerating means is adapted to induce

22 turbulence into the fluid.

23

24 26. Apparatus as claimed in claim 25, wherein the

25 turbulence is at least partially induced by a

26 direction altering means which causes a change in

27 the flow direction.

28

29 27. Apparatus as claimed in claim 25 or claim 26

30 when dependent on claim 25, wherein the turbulence

31 is induced in the cavity between the at least two

32 oppositely-directed spiral passage portions.

35

- 2 28. Apparatus as claimed in any preceding claim,
- 3 wherein the conduit comprises drillpipe, tubing,
- 4 coiled tubing, filtration screen, casing or liner
- 5 string.

6

1

- 7 29. A control assembly, including:
- 8 control apparatus for controlling the flow of
- 9 fluid into a borehole through a conduit, the
- 10 apparatus comprising a decelerating means adapted to
- 11 be positioned within the conduit for slowing down
- 12 the flow of fluid through the conduit, the
- 13 decelerating means comprising a passage in the
- 14 apparatus;
- a conduit in which the control apparatus is
- 16 located; and
- 17 a valve located in the conduit above the
- 18 apparatus;
- wherein the cross-sectional area of the passage
- 20 in the apparatus is greater than the cross-sectional
- 21 area of the valve.

22

- 23 30. An assembly as claimed in claim 29, wherein the
- 24 valve is located in a float collar.

25

- 26 31. A method of controlling the passage of fluid
- 27 through a conduit located in a borehole, including
- 28 the step of decelerating the fluid.

29

- 30 32. A method as claimed in claim 31, including the
- 31 step of causing the fluid to deviate from the

36

1 conduit into a passage which is inclined relative to

2 the conduit axis.

3

4 33. A method as claimed in claim 32, wherein the

5 fluid is decelerated by friction between the fluid

6 and the boundaries of the inclined passage.

7

8 34. A method as claimed in claim 32 or 33, wherein

9 the inclined passage has constant dimensions and the

10 boundaries of the passage are free of obstructions

11 so that the fluid moves along the passage without

12 hindrance.

13

14 35. A method as claimed in any of claims 31 to 34,

15 including the step of causing the fluid to travel in

16 a spiral direction.

17

18 36. A method as claimed in claim 35, wherein the

19 fluid is caused to travel in a tight spiral so that

20 it travels through a large distance in a small axial

21 space.

22

23 37. A method as claimed in claim 35 or claim 36,

24 wherein the fluid is caused to travel in a first

25 spiral direction and subsequently in a second

26 opposite spiral direction.

27

28 38. A method as claimed in any of claims 32 to 37

29 when dependent on claim 32, wherein a float collar

30 having a valve is provided in the conduit above the

31 inclined passage, and wherein the passage has a

32 greater cross-sectional area than the cross-

1 sectional area of the valve so that the fluid flows

37

2 without restriction into the passage.

3

4 39. A method as claimed in any of claims 31 to 38,

5 including the step of inducing turbulence into the

6 fluid.

7

8 40. A method as claimed in claim 39 when dependent

9 on claim 38, wherein the turbulence is induced by

10 causing the fluid to change direction from the first

11 spiral direction to the second spiral direction.

12

13 41. A method as claimed in any of claims 32 to 40,

14 wherein the inclined passage is defined by at least

15 one body member having formations thereon and

16 wherein a shroud having apertures in its surface is

17 provided around the body member, the method

18 including the step of passing cement through the

19 passage, some of which exits the passage via the

20 apertures to cement the body member to the conduit.